

#### **DOMENICA 3 MARZO**

# PROTESI VALVOLARI MITRALICHE PER VIA PERCUTANEA: UPDATE 2019

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#### The mitral valve is not as simple as the aortic valve

 While aortic valve replacement is the most common solution and <u>IS</u> the solution

 Mitral repair, mitral replacement, medical therapy have specific indications and all need to be available

 Trancatheter mitral valve replacement will not become a dominant approach





## Why we need a transcatheter mitral valve

The valve is severely damaged to be repaired

Surgical risk with standard valve surgery is too high

 A transcatheter approach can be performed with less invasiveness (transapical or transeptal) without extracorporeal circulation





### **TMVR**

CardiaQ



Tiara



Intrepid



Edwards M3





M Valve



Tendyne



Navigate



Caisson





## Tendyne





# Tendyne CE Mark Study 30 day outcomes of the first 100 patients

#### **Tendyne Device**

- Tri-leaflet porcine pericardial valve
- Self-expanding nitinol double frame
  - Outer frame contoured to fit mitral annulus
- Multiple outer valve frame sizes
- Transapical access, valve tethered to apex
  - Adjustable tension provides valve stability
- Epicardial pad assists in access closure
- Valve fully retrievable and repositionable
- No requirement for bypass or rapid pacing









#### Tendyne CE Mark: Procedural Outcomes

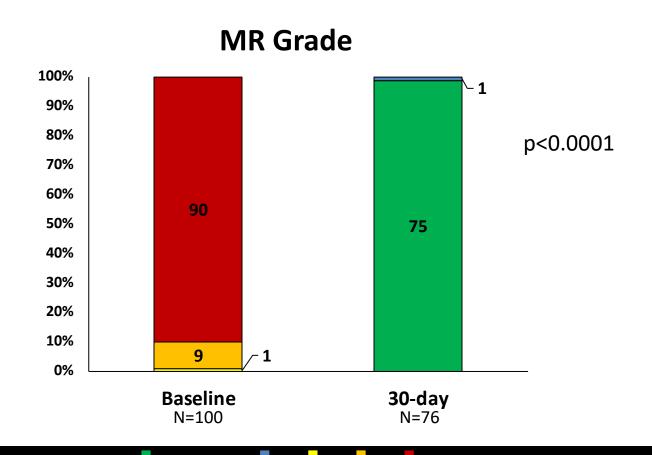
Variable				
Outcome	N=100			
Technical success	97 (97%)			
Implant retrieved/abandoned	3 (3%)			
- retrieved (SAM, LVOT obstruction)	1 (1%)			
- retrieved (non-orthogonal)	1 (1%)			
- abandoned (pulmonary edema)	1 (1%)			
Procedural mortality	0 (0%)			
Procedural stroke	0 (0%)			
Emergency surgery	0 (0%)			
ECMO	0 (0%)			





#### Tendyne CE Mark Study: MR grade

99.0% ≥ 3+ MR at baseline to 98.7% none/trace at 30 days No patients with more than mild (1+) MR at 30 days







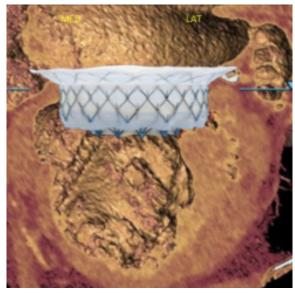
## Intrepid

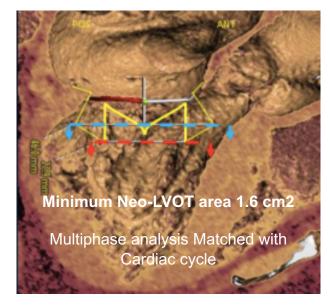




## Intrepid: Transapical Dual stent system



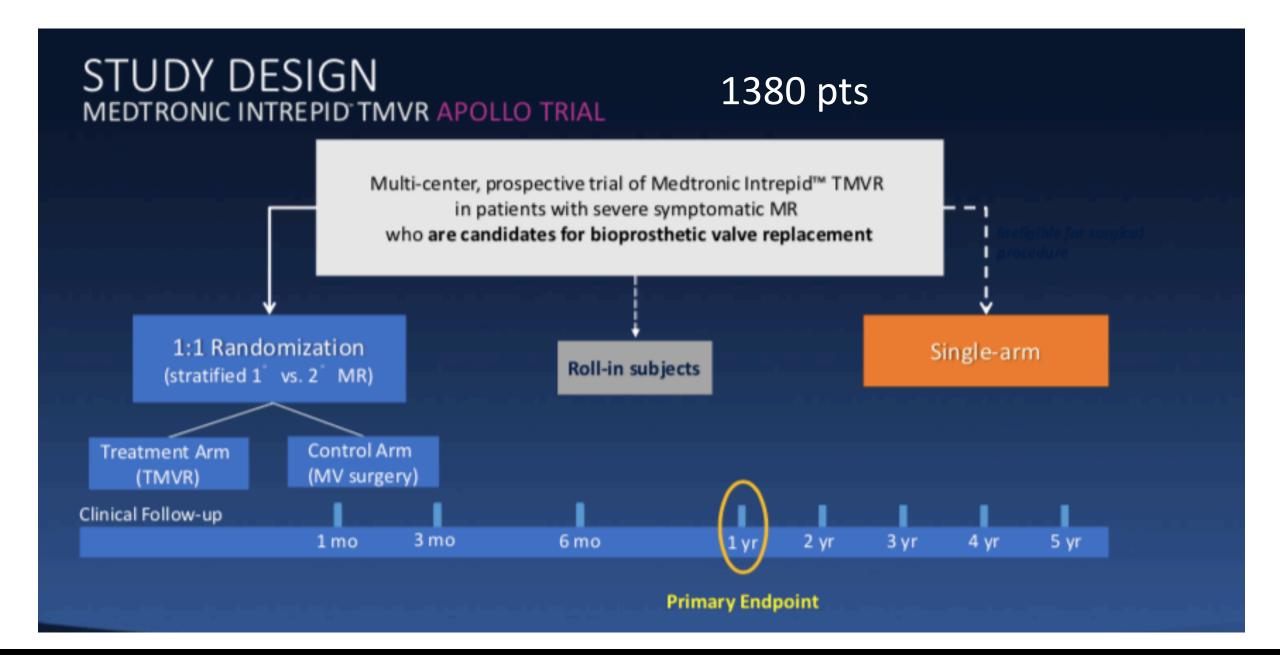




- •Conformable Outer Stent engages annulus and leaflets providing fixation and sealing while isolating the inner stent from the dynamic anatomy
- •Circular Inner Stent houses a 27 mm tricuspid bovine pericardium valve
- •Flexible Brim aids imaging during implantation & subsequent tissue in-growth











# Intrepid TMVR Next Generation Systems 2. Trans-septal Design







- Trans-septal, trans-femoral system in development (enabled by implant design not requiring rotational alignment or need to capture leaflets)
- One implant platform regardless of delivery approach: TS or TA





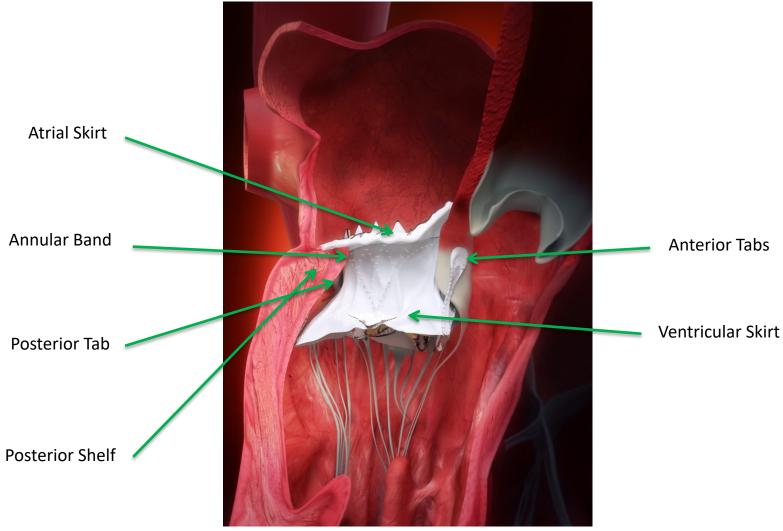
## Tiara







## Tiara







## **Edwards SAPIEN M3**





## Edwards SAPIEN M3 System







**Commander Delivery System** 









# SAPIEN M3 System First 10 Cases - Data Summary

	N=10
Technical Success*	9
Alive	10
Successful access/Delivery	10
Deployment	10
Freedom from Reintervention	9(1)

Clinical Outcomes at 30 days*	N=10
All-cause Mortality	0
All Stroke	<b>1</b> <sup>(1)</sup>
Rehospitalization (device/procedure related)	0
Hemolysis	0
LVOT Obstruction	0

There was no Conversion to Surgery, Device Embolization, Device Migration or Implantation of more than one valve.

\*Site reported



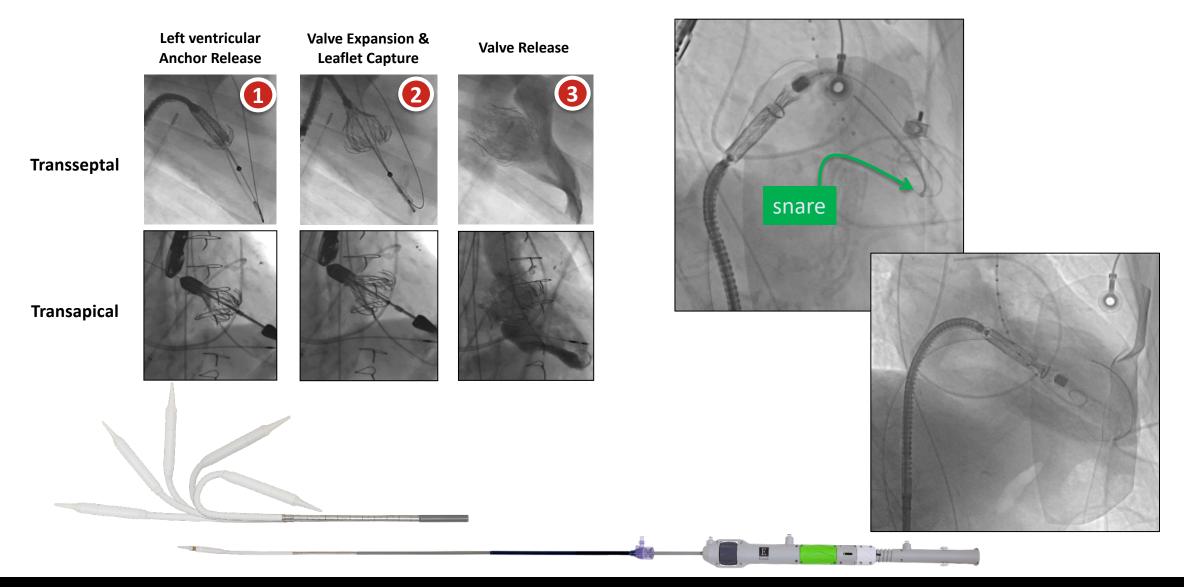


## CardiAQ-Edwards TMVR





#### CardiAQ-Edwards Transcatheter Mitral Valve Replacement







## Cephea





#### **CEPHEA'S TMVR SYSTEM: DESIGN FEATURES**

#### (1) Antegrade Delivery Approach

Trans-atrial and trans-septal

#### (2) Low Profile Frame Structure

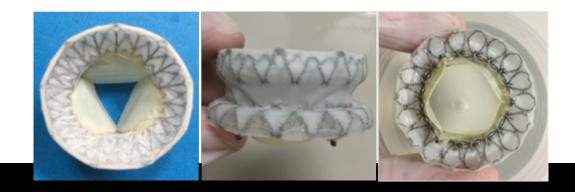
- Sub-annular anchoring
- Minimal LVOT interference and sub-valvular injury
- Enables trans-septal delivery

#### (3) Suspension Leaflet Central Core

- Isolates leaflets function from dynamic annular compression
- Flexibility in design of anchoring elements

#### (4) Optimized AV Hemodynamics

Smooth transition from LA to LV







## Cephea TMVR

- Novel TMVR platform using the trans-septal approach
- Unique design features
  - Valve retention through axial disk compression
  - Device adaptation to variable anatomy
  - Folding into "low-profile" delivery catheters
- Long term chronic animal data

#### **TWO Patients treated**





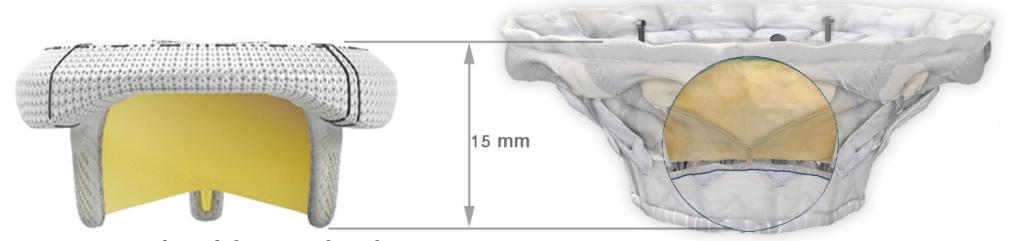
### CardioValve TMVR





#### CardioValve TMVR: 1 valve, 2 frames, 3 steps

- CardioValve follows surgical design, adapted for transcatheter use
  - Low presence in the ventricle, no protruding atrial component
  - Robust frame and classic leaflet design for durability
  - 3 sizes to fit all anatomies
  - Proprietary anchoring and sealing element



The **Surgical gold-standard** Edwards Perimount Magna™

The **Transcatheter solution**CardioValve™





### CardioValve Delivery: 1,2,3....

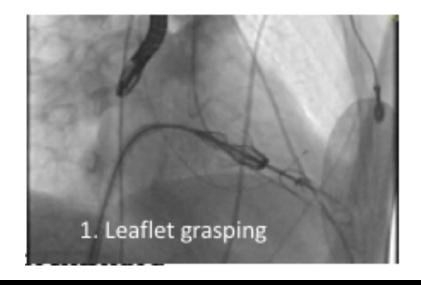
• Transfemoral Access: Femoral vein, transeptal approach, 28 Fr

• Multi-steerable catheter for coaxial implantation

No AV loop required - Single step TF implantation

• Echo main guidance, Fluoro assistance

3 steps procedure





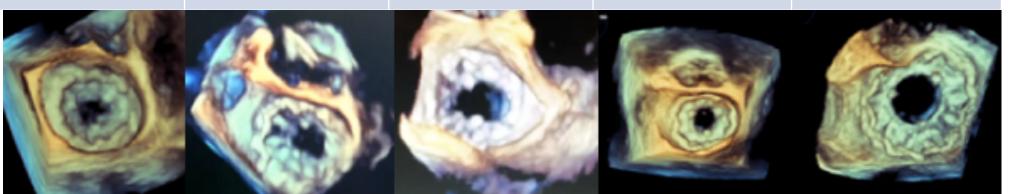






#### Promising First 5 Cases

	Case 1	Case 2	Case 3	Case 4	Case 5
MR	No	No	No	No	No
PVL	No	Trace	Trace	No	Trace
LVOTo	No	No	No	No	No
Gradients	5 mmHg	6 mmHg	2 mmHg	6 mmHg	3 mmHg
Hemody.	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal
DS time	30 min	23 min	40 min	30 min	21 min
Depl. time	13 min	15 min	25 min	17 min	14 min
		A LONG	Section 1	7	and the same







Maria Cecilia Hospita in Cotignola (RA) will partecipate in the CE Mark Study for CardioValve

**Principal Investigator: Antonio Colombo** 

Patients not candidate for repair (surgical or transcatheter) and too high risk for surgical valve replacement

FOR SCREENING REFER TO: colombo@emocolumbus.it





#### Future of TMVR?



Mitral valve is not open to simple solutions such aortic valve

Surgical repair remains the gold standard, when feasible

Trancatheter solutions such as MitraClip and Cardioband are effective in a number of settings

We need a procedure to be applied when surgical or transcatheter repair are not possible and surgical replacement is at high risk



